Prolab® RMH 2500

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#### DESCRIPTION

Prolab® RMH 2500 is an economical, complete and balanced diet manufactured under controlled formulation to assure Constant Nutrition<sup>TM</sup>. This diet is a versatile rodent diet designed for laboratory rats, mice and hamsters, in a wide range of applications, including research studies and nonintensive reproduction. Formulated as an equivalent to noncontrolled diets. Refer to the Shelf Life section at the end of this book for product longevity information and storage suggestions.

# **Features and Benefits**

- Utilizes a wider range of energy sources to develop nutrition at economical cost
- Provides Constant Nutrition<sup>TM</sup>

#### **Product Forms Available**

- Oval pellet, 10 mm x 16 mm x 25 mm length (3/8"x5/8"x1")
- Meal (ground pellets)

### **GUARANTEED ANALYSIS**

Crude protein not less than	23.0%
Crude fat not less than	4.5%
Crude fiber not more than	6.0%
Ash not more than	8.0%
Added minerals not more than	2.5%

#### INGREDIENTS

Dehulled soybean meal, ground corn, wheat middlings, cane molasses, ground oats, dehydrated alfalfa meal, fish meal, animal fat preserved with BHA, dried beet pulp, calcium carbonate, porcine meat meal, ground wheat, salt, wheat germ, dried whey, ground soybean hulls, dicalcium phosphate, corn gluten meal, menadione dimethylpyrimidinol bisulfite (source of vitamin K), choline chloride, soybean oil, cholecalciferol, brewers dried yeast, folic acid, DLmethionine, vitamin A acetate, pyridoxine hydrochloride, thiamin mononitrate, calcium pantothenate, nicotinic acid, dl-alpha tocopheryl acetate, riboflavin, cyanocobalamin, ferrous sulfate, manganous oxide, zinc oxide, ferrous carbonate, copper sulfate, zinc sulfate, calcium iodate, cobalt carbonate, sodium selenite.

# FEEDING DIRECTIONS

Feed ad libitum to rodents. Plenty of fresh, clean water should be available to the animals at all times. Refer to the "Animal Care and Biological Values" section of this manual for detailed feeding directions.

**Rats**- All rats will eat varying amounts of feed depending on their genetic origin. Larger strains will eat between 15-30 grams per day. Smaller strains will eat between 12-15 grams per day. Feeders in rat cages should be designed to hold two to three days supply of feed at one time.

Mice-Adult mice will eat 4 to 5 grams of pelleted ration daily. Some of the larger strains may eat as much as 8 grams per day per animal. Feed should be available on a free choice basis in wire feeders above the floor of the cage. **Hamsters**-Adults will eat 10 to 14 grams per day.

CHEMICAL	COMPOS	SITION
Nutrients <sup>2</sup>		Sulfur, %
Protein, %	<b>. 24.0</b>	Sodium, %
Arginine, %		Chlorine, %
Cystine, %		Fluorine, ppm
Glycine, %		Iron, ppm
Histidine, %		Zinc, ppm
Isoleucine, %	1.16	Manganese, ppr
Leucine, %	1.87	Copper, ppm.
Lysine, %	1.40	Cobalt, ppm
Methionine, %	0.43	Iodine, ppm
Phenylalanine, %	1.11	Chromium, ppr
Tyrosine, %	0.73	Selenium, ppm
Threonine, %	0.92	
Tryptophan, %	0.31	Vitamins
Valine, %	1.25	Carotene, ppm
Serine, %	1.27	Vitamin K (as r
Aspartic Acid, %	2.61	Thiamin Hydro
Glutamic Acid, %	5.23	Riboflavin, ppn
Alanine, %	1.21	Niacin, ppm
Proline, %	1.70	Pantothenic Ac
Taurine, %		Choline Chlori
Fat (ether extract), 9	% <b>4.5</b>	Folic Acid, ppm

Glycine, %
Histidine, %
Isoleucine, %
Leucine, %
Lysine, %
Methionine, %
Phenylalanine, %
Tyrosine, %
Threonine, %
Tryptophan, %
Valine, %
Serine, %
Aspartic Acid, % 2.61
Glutamic Acid, %5.23
Alanine, %
Proline, %
Taurine, %
Fat (ether extract), %4.5
Fat (acid hydrolysis), %6.0
Cholesterol, ppm101
Linoleic Acid, %
Linolenic Acid, $\%$ 0.11
Arachidonic Acid, %0.004
Omega-3 Fatty Acids, % 0.17
Total Saturated Fatty Acids, % .1.55
Total Monounsaturated
Fatty Acids, %
Fiber (Crude), %5.3
Neutral Detergent Fiber <sup>3</sup> , %15.4
Acid Detergent Fiber <sup>4</sup> , % 6.3
Nitrogen-Free Extract
(by difference), %49.3
Starch, %
Glucose, %
Fructose, %
Sucrose, %
Lactose, %
Total Digestible Nutrients,%75.7
Gross Energy, kcal/gm4.05
Physiological Fuel Value <sup>5</sup> ,
kcal/gm
Metabolizable Energy,
kcal/gm3.04

Nitrogen-Free Extract	
(by difference), %	. <b>49.</b> 3
Starch, %	.21.5
Glucose, %	0.2
Fructose, %	0.2
Sucrose, %	3.4
Lactose, %	0.6
Total Digestible Nutrients,% .	. <b>75.</b> 7
Cross Energy keel/am	4 05

Gross Energy, kcal/gm	4.05
Physiological Fuel Value <sup>5</sup> ,	
kcal/gm	3.34
Metabolizable Energy,	
kcal/gm	3.04

# Minorals

Sulfur, %							.0.29
Sodium, % .							.0.40
Chlorine, %							.0.70

Fluorine, ppm
Iron, ppm290
Zinc, ppm
Manganese, ppm
Copper, ppm
Cobalt, ppm
Iodine, ppm
Chromium, ppm
Selenium, ppm0.48

# **Vitamins**

Carotene, ppm
Vitamin K (as menadione),ppm .3.2
Thiamin Hydrochloride, ppm20
Riboflavin, ppm
Niacin, ppm
Pantothenic Acid, ppm 24
Choline Chloride, ppm2300
Folic Acid, ppm
Pyridoxine, ppm8.0
Biotin, ppm
B <sub>12</sub> , mcg/kg
Vitamin A, IU/gm22
Vitamin D <sub>3</sub> (added), IU/gm 5.0
Vitamin E, IU/kg52
Ascorbic Acid, mg/gm —

#### Calories provided by:

Protein, %
Fat (ether extract), %12.13
Carbohydrates, % 59.09
*Product Code

- 1. Based on the latest ingredient analysis information. Since nutrient composition of natural ingredients varies, analysis will differ accordingly.
- 2. Nutrients expressed as percent of ration except where otherwise indicated. Moisture content is assumed to be 10.0% for the purpose of calculations.
- 3. NDF = approximately cellulose, hemi-cellulose and lignin.
- 4. ADF = approximately cellulose and lignin.
- 5. Physiological Fuel Value (kcal/gm) = Sum of decimalfractions of protein, fat and carbohydrate (use Nitrogen Free Extract) x 4,9,4 kcal/gm respectively.

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